The Saturday Evening Post.

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CONDITIONS.

The *Saturday Evening Post* is published once a week, at two dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance, or THREE DOLLARS if not paid before the end of the year.

Subscribers will have the privilege to insert an advertisement, throughout the year, to the extent of half a square, at two dollars additional, with an allowance for alterations. Non-subscribers pay the usual prices. ☞ A wish to discontinue the paper must be made known before the expiration of the time subscribed for, or the engagement will be considered good for another six months.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

'Tis said, Seclusion hath no balm
For him, whose base pursuit is gold;
'Tis said, retirement ne'er can soothe
The heart of avarice;
I envy not the man
Who shuns reflection's hour.

Reflection's hour!—to few 'tis known,
To these, the chosen time, how dear!
To retrospection consecrate
It is the heart's alone.

I will not on its hoards intrude,
Nor tell how fancy riots there;
Suffice it, that to Misery's child
Is known the holy time.

Then memory wanders, and the forms
Of days, departed, hover near;
Then childhood's smile and childhood's sigh
Dissolve the soul again.

How fair the visions, boyhood knew!
Hope strewed the way with thornless flowers;
Past joys, recalled, seem more than joys,
Past sorrows seem like bliss;
I envy not the man
Who shuns reflection's hour. T.

LINES

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

To those who may have reason to felicitate themselves on their application, the following verses may prove an acceptable though imperfect offering.

I've oft to thee confess'd, love,
The pure and ardent flame
That burn'd within my breast, love,
And thou didst own the same;
Like heaven's enkindling ray, love,
Its radiance round us spread,
To light our op'ning way, love,
Where youth and pleasure led.

I pria'd thee most sincere, love,
My passions earliest vow
Was breath'd with hallow'd fear, love,
Lest thoud'st forget it now:
Thy kind and gentle heart, love,
Tho' warm with purest truth,
Might with that jewel part, love,
Where pleasure tempted youth.

The glorious sun on high, love,
More constant can't pursue
His course throughout the sky, love,
Than is my heart to you;
And like that sun it beams, love,
With warm affection's fire,
And rapture on it gleams, love,
As oft thy smiles inspire.

And I have prov'd thee fond, love,
Through chequer'd scenes of woe,
All other bliss beyond, love,
To know and feel thee so;
To know that thou art mine, love,
The treasure of a heart
That sooner would resign, love,
This life than with thee part! D.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

SONNET—TO *****.

Say, shall we meet again,
With smiles of mutual gladness;
Or shall we e'er remain
Apart, in anxious sadness?
When last we bid farewell,
My heart was fill'd with sorrow,
Yet Hope seem'd proud to tell
We part, to meet to-morrow.

The morrow's sun arose,
But Hope, I found, deceiv'd me,
For twilight's ling'ring close
With no kind news relieved me.
I oft, in memory's dreams,
Live o'er again those hours,
When social pleasure's beams
Charm'd with their witching powers.

Yet in that pleasing view,
Which memory's oft revealing,
The pain of our adieu
Seems o'er my bosom stealing.
For moments thus gone by
May pass—alas!—forever,
And like a farewell sigh
Our fondest joys may sever.

Our dearest hopes are vain,
They smile but to deceive us,
And leave us worlds of pain
With no balm to relieve us.
Oh! let us meet once more,
Or if *thy* heart say—never,—
Adieu!—our friendship's o'er—
We're parted, then—forever.

Jan. 20th, 1822. PASQUIN.

WOMAN's LOVE.

A woman's love, deep in the heart,
Is like the violet flower,
That lifts its modest head apart
In some sequester'd bower;
And blest is he who finds that bloom,
Who sips its gentle sweets;
He heeds not life's oppressive gloom,
Nor all the care he meets!

A woman's love is like the spring
Amid the wild alone,
A burning wild, o'er which the wing
Of clouds is seldom thrown;
And blest is he who meets that fount
Beneath the sultry day;
How gladly should his spirits mount!
How pleasant be his way!

A woman's love is like the rock
That every tempest braves,
And stands secure amid the shock,
Of ocean's wildest waves;
And blest is he to whom repose
Within its shade is given;
The world with all its cares and woes,
Seems less like earth than heaven.

MORAL AND RELIGIOUS.

THE HOUSE OF MOURNING.

While travelling through a lonely forest of the western country, I came to a solitary cottage, partly shaded by stately trees. On my arrival at the door, I knocked upon the post; a person stepped forward; drew aside a blanket that served as a door, and bade me come in: I went in, sat upon a bench, and reclined against the side of this rustic dwelling; when, looking round me, lo! it was *the house of mourning*.

There, in one corner, on a bed of straw, in benumbed death's chill embrace, lay the wasted remains of an affectionate husband and protecting parent. A melancholy sensation unavoidably pervaded my mind.—But a few hours since, his *mortal* existence trembling on the verge of dissolution—at length, dropped into the vapory oblivion of unknown; and his *immortal* existence rose on soaring ideal pinions to HIM who gave it.

Yes—he is progressing in that measureless journey from which "no traveller returns;" he has left his relations and changing pleasures, and gone far, far from this tabernacle of mourning—No more shall he groan under the racking pains of sickness; no more shall the sorrows of this woe-worn world canker his felicity.

While thus reflecting on a sublime futurity, a neighbor entered this solemn and silent house of death; he recalled my mind to the gloom of mortality; I again looked round on the members of this sorrowing family. Here sat a weeping companion, absorded in the profusion of grief; holding a smiling infant that had not yet learned its own mortality, or realized the bitter dregs of human woe. There leaned a child against the chimney corner, and oft turned her eyes towards her lifeless father, while a filial tear would trickle down her tender cheek. All, all seemed as living monuments to declare the event of death; and, though mantled in silence, yet they manifested a realization which no tongue could express.

Having rested a short time, I rose and went out. It was the Sabbath; the sky was clear, and the sun had passed the meridian—I again resumed my journey, and as I walked along through the little opening that encircled the rustic domicil, and looked on the labor of him whose body was now mouldering away, to mingle with the common elements of our mother earth, I was again wrought up in pleasing and melancholy contemplation—that all the works of our labor will soon know us no more for ever; and as I entered the lonely woods, whose leafy trees shaded my path, methought I was entering the "valley and shadow of death." And while recollection recals to my mind the joys and sorrows I have seen, I shall never forget *the house of mourning*. VIATOR.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

When we reflect upon the value of reputation and character—the dangerous liability we are constantly under of losing it, and the extreme difficulty of regaining it after it is once forfeited, we cannot be too vigilantly careful in preserving such an inestimable jewel. In this we are the guardians of our own happiness, and we shall find, that "he who stumbles, falls, who falling finds none to help him," and if he is even favoured by time to make atonement by good conduct for his former errors, still, the remembrance of them will rise like departed ghosts before him—he will recollect them with pain, and the uncharitable will sometimes reproach him, if not openly at least with sarcastic sneers and unmanly insinuations. And, although the good and wise, will cast the mantle of forgiveness over his failings, his own heart will still reproach him, and destroy that confidence which is ever the shield of innocence. He will be tempted to quit the circles where he is known, because he knows not to what extent a censorious world may extend their prejudices against him—he will be induced to banish himself from the society of his former acquaintance to seek in the novelties of some distant and new abode that happiness which he has unfortunately lost. Here he must raise a new name and a fortune for himself, and happy will he be if he so profit by the mistakes of his former days, as to secure him from error in future. Whenever a man is overtaken in a fault—if he has been hurried by passion's impetuous impulse into the commission of a crime, or by even a venial error, has forfeited the good opinion of his neighbours, instead of making his defence by a vain attempt to cover and palliate his guilt, he would act more wisely to acknowlege his fault with humility, and endeavour by future good conduct to conciliate the esteem of his fellow citizens—for mankind are always slow to believe what a man has to say in extenuation of his own faults, and it often happens that the more vigorous his defence is, the more firmly his guilt is fixed upon him. RECLUSE.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE SOLITAIRE—No. IV.

"Of all human actions, pride seldom obtains its end; for aiming at honour and reputation, it reaps contempt and derision" MONTAIGNE

Pride is one of those vices which people generally overlook, because they all partake of its influence. It is, nevertheless, a demon of a very base kind. It is a principle which ought to be held in the greatest abhorrence, and cast from the breast as a viper with a deadly sting. Under the dominion of pride we serve the devil, for where it exists, neither virtue, religion, nor morality, can abide. As, therefore, these only ought to influence the mind, so every particle of pride should be rooted out, and "meek-eyed humility" cherished in its stead. It is not the pride of dress that I would have in view, neither is it a pride of excelling in virtue or learning; but it is an overbearing spirit which will trample upon the poor, the meek, or the ignorant—destroy their rights, and heap up a pile of injuries when a fountain of blessings ought to rise in view. It is a pride which fills the possessor with conceited notions of his own excellence, and makes him consider all other mortals beneath him. It is a pride which, with an ocean of vices, aspires to the perfection of deity, and aims at a throne which it never was intended man should ascend. It is a pride with which Lucifer himself was possessed, when he attempted to overthrow the throne of Grace, and rise superior to the "great first cause." Like Lucifer, too, will the fall of that spirit be, who possesses the vice just mentioned. For a while fortune may smile upon his vanity, and success crown his views; but in the end he will find his doom irrevocably fixed, and finally cast beneath the most abject of those whom in his prosperity he did not deign to look upon. Humility is the principle intended for us; it is a heavenly principle; it sheds a lustre on human nature, makes it acceptable to the Creator, and at last crowns it with a wreath of never-fading joys. G.

A PRETTY STORY.

The late Earl of Exeter had been divorced from his first wife, a woman of fashion, and of somewhat more gaiety of manners than "lords who love their ladies like."—He determined to seek out a second wife in a humbler sphere of life, and that it should be one who having no knowledge of his rank, should love him for himself alone. For this purpose, he went and settled *incognito* (under the name of Mr. Jones) at Hordnet, an obscure village in Shropshire. He made overtures to one or two damsels in the neighborhood, but they were too knowing to be taken in by him. His manners were not boorish, his mode of life was retired, it was too odd how he got his livelihood, and at last, he began to be taken for a highwayman. In this dilemma he turned to Miss Hoggins, the eldest daughter of a small farmer, at whose house he lodged. Miss Hoggins, it might seem, had not been used to romp with the clowns: there was something in the manners of their quiet, but eccentric guest, that she liked. As he found that he had inspired her with that kind of regard which he wished for, he made honorable proposals to her, and at the end of some months, they were married, without his letting her know who he was. They set of in a post-chaise from his father's house, and travelled across the country. In this manner, they arrived at Stamford, and passed through the town without stopping till they came to the entrance of Burleigh-Park, which is on the outside of it. The gates flew open, the chaise entered, and drove down the long avenue of trees that leads up to the front of this fine old mansion.—As they drew nearer to it, and she seemed a little surprised where they were going, he said, "Well, my dear, this is Burleigh-House, it is the home I have promised to bring you to, and you are the Countess of Exeter!" It is said the shock of this discovery was too much for this young creature, and that she never recovered it. It was a sensation worth dying for. Ye *Thousand and One Tales of the Arabian Night's Entertainment!* hide your diminished heads! I never wished to have been a lord but when I think of this story.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE ITINERANT—No. VII.

PROVERBS FOR BACHELORS.

1. Covet no woman's love, but whom you will be diligent to oblige—for a small neglect is taken by them as a great ingratitude.

2. The love of a virtuous woman is a great blessing; but if once lost by ingratitude, you will find that she will turn her love that could not last into a revenge that will.

3. A proud woman, like an imprudent prince, always loves him best by whom she is most flattered.

4. If you aim at the favors of a lofty mistress, you must highly extol her person and parts, and agree with her opinion in all things, though ever so opposite to reason.

5. A proud woman, like a stately horse, must be managed with a curb and strait rein.

6. That virtue is never safe that is under the guardianship of pride; the latter will be maintained, though the former be sacrificed to maintain it.

7. Pride in a beautiful woman is like a flaw in a diamond; it lessens the value, spoils the lustre, and remains incurable.

8 He that hath a prudent wife hath a guardian angel by his side; but he that hath a proud wife hath an evil spirit at his elbow.

9. Giving presents to a woman to secure her love is like filling a sieve with water.

10. She that hath some design upon you will first oblige you with some engaging courtesy to become her debtor; but be careful of those women who are generous in the beginning.

11. Ingratitude is said to be worse than the sin of witchcraft; and he that trusteth a woman he hath once found ungrateful, is worse than bewitched.

12. Court not a reconciliation with a woman who hath once deceived you, lest she triumph over your submission, and make you bear the burthen of her infirmities.

13. To a woman you love behave yourself boldly and with freedom, though justly and respectfully; for a manly behaviour will awe her to be grateful, when a cringing fondness may occasion her to presume on your good nature.

Lines written on returning home.

Dear lowly cottage! o'er whose humble thatch,
The dewy moss has velvet verdure spread;
Once more, with trem'lous hands, thy ready latch
I lift, and to thy lintel bow my head.

Dear are thy inmates! beauty's roseate smile,
And eye soft melting hails my wished return;
Loud clamors infant joys—around, meanwhile,
Maturer breasts with silent rapture burn.

Within these narrow bounds I reign secure,
And duteous love and prompt obedience find,
Nor sigh to find my destiny obscure,
Where all is lowly, but each owner's mind
Content, if pilgrims passing by our cell,
Say "with her sister peace, there virtue loves to dwell." W. P. S.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

PUBLIC MEETING.

"And over *Fashion's votaries* wield the sceptre."

In pursuance of public notice, a numerous and splendid meeting of our *female Corinthians* and tippy *Exquisites*, convened at *Dandy Hall* on the evening of the 19th inst. in order to devise some scheme whereby the *dresses* and *appendages* of Fashion should be subjected to the criticism of persons of acknowledged taste in the *beau monde* before they were exhibited to the gaping eyes of the congregated world. ROGER RUM-ONE, Esq. a *Grecian* of the *first water*, was called to the chair, and, in compliment to the Ladies present, Mrs. Martha Modish and Miss Fanny Furbelow were nominated as his supporters, Samuel Scribe officiating as secretary for the evening.

Mr. Rum-one, as soon as order could be obtained, rose from the chair, and gracefully waving his right arm to enchain the attention of the audience, began, "Ladies and Gentlemen, it has been often a source of the deepest regret to me, that in this, our famous city, there should exist no society, to whom the importations of fashion, from France and England, should be consigned, and from whose *fiat* and *example* the *Bloods* and *would-be Exquisites* of the lower orders, should adopt their costume. In *London* there flourishes such a society, from the *ingenuity* and judgment of whose members originate every new design, while their power is so universally acknowledged and their displeasure so deeply dreaded, that no person of fashion, however *outlawed* by the society, *dare* introduce any innovation in the established *cut*. I now beg leave briefly to state the object of myself and friends in calling this meeting, which I feel happy to find so numerously attended, it is to propose for your consideration the formation of a society similar in its jurisdiction and intentions to those now existant in the metropolis of Great Britain. As I conceive the exertions of the Ladies will be requisite in carrying the plan into effect, should any of them coincide in my ideas the meeting will feel honoured in hearing their sentiments.

The moment the president had taken his chair, Miss *Susan Spencer* and Miss *Biddy Blue-hose* both sprang to their feet, when the chair having decided the floor in possession of the latter Lady, she commenced—"Such a society was not only well calculated to answer an admirable purpose, but it was absolutely necessary something of the kind should be established to preside in the *republic of Fashion*, and also to take cognizance of the *rank* of those who appeared in our streets arrayed in the newest mode. She deplored as a lamentable truth, that no sooner was an improvement established in any article of clothing, but every *Laundry* and *Chambermaid* appeared on the promenade in it, thus keeping the inventions of the leaders of Fashion eternally on the *rack* to devise something *new*. Such glaring facts (she continued) called peremptorily for *reform*. She therefore concluded by moving that a committee be appointed to devise some regulations for the government of said society, and report them at our next meeting, and that power be given to said committee to fix upon a suitable *designation* for the *embryo* society."

The above question was carried by an *unanimous* vote, and the meeting adjourned until Friday, the 27th inst. having previously instructed the Secretary to make such an arrangement with Messrs. Atkinson & Alexander, the editors of the Saturday Evening Post, for publishing their proceedings as he should think proper.

R. RUM-ONE, President.
S. SCRIBE, Sec'ry.

THE DERANGED PARROT.

Certain physiologists have asserted, that madness was one of the privileges of human nature; that the instinct of animals, being surer than our reason, was likewise more solid, and that their brain was not so liable to get out of order, I answer this by the anecdote of the Parrot of M. de Bougainville, which was as completely convicted of lunacy, as ever was an inhabitant of Bedlam or Charenton. This bird less remarkable for its plumage than its chattering, was for two years on board the ship of that celebrated navigator, and a great favorite with the officers, to whose amusement he very much contributed. Having one day had an engagement with an enemy's vessel, during which the cannonading had been extremely sharp, it was found that Kokoly, the Parrot, had disappeared, and though the most diligent search was made for him, he was no where to be found.—It was supposed he had fallen by the wind, if not by the blow of a bullet; but to the great surprise of the whole crew he was seen two days afterwards, coming out of the cable tier, where it appeared he had hid himself.

His re-appearance excited the greatest joy, and almonds and caresses were most prodigally bestowed upon him: but Kokoly was entirely insensible to these demonstrations of kindness, and looking around him with a most stupid stare imaginable, answered all the questions put to him only, by an imitation of the noise that had so much frightened him;—poum!—poum!—poum!—were the only sounds he could pronounce! I myself saw this unfortunate bird twenty years after the combat, perched upon a stick in an antichamber, repeating his eternal cannonade, and accompanying it with a beating of his head, and fluttering of his wings, in which his fright was still depicted.

Gibbon's appreciation of his own character.

"MAY 8th, 1762.—This was my birthday, on which I entered into the twenty-sixth year of my age. This gave me occasion to look a little into myself, and consider impartially my good and bad qualities. It appeared to me, upon this inquiry, that my character was virtuous, incapable of a base action, formed for generous ones, but that it was proud, violent and disagreeable in society. These qualities I must endeavour to cultivate, extirpate, or restrain, according to their different tendency. Wit I have none. My imagination is rather strong than pleasing. My memory both capacious and retentive.—The shining qualities of my understanding are extensiveness and penetration, but I want both quickness and exactness."

[*See Gibbon's Miscellaneous Works.*

Cheerfulness and hilarity, when unprovoked by unwholesome incentives, undegraded by brutality, or untainted by licentiousness; instead of being interdicted as a crime, ought to be prescribed as one of the means of urging a lazy circulation.—A man may be merry upon principle, and occasionally take a laugh, as others do a walk, for the benefit of his health. A celebrated Italian comedy turns altogether upon a stratagem to cure a hypochondriac by making him laugh. It is much in our power to look on the sunny side of things, instead of keeping the eye constantly fixed on the darkened hemisphere of human life. There is no faculty of the mind which it is of more consequence should be exercised and cultivated from the earliest youth than that of self-control. This power is to be improved by exercise as well as that of the memory or the muscles.

The young are slaves to novelty, the old to custom.

Dancing School Removed,

From the corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets to

No. 62½, South Fourth Street,

Third door below Library-street.

A. BONNAFFON is happy in announcing to his friends and the public, that owing to their very liberal patronage, he has been induced to remove to the above room, being more spacious than his former. The expences to which he has been, in altering and repairing, so as to render it both elegant and comfortable, together with the situation, will combine to render this room much more preferable than his former, and perhaps more so than any in this city.

He will there open his Dancing School on Monday, the 30th inst. and continue to teach on the same method as heretofore; the advantages of which he believes has been fully tested by the rapid improvement of his pupils. He proposes having Cotillion Parties, to which his scholars will be admitted without extra charges—to commence in the beginning of December next, by which time beginners will be able to participate in the amusements they afford, as also in a collection of the newest fancy and characteristic dances and cotillions, obtained from a teacher of New-York, recently from Europe.

For terms and hours of tuition, apply at the room, or his dwelling, No. 100 Union Street, a few doors below Fourth-street.

Days of Tuition, at the room, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The other three days of the week devoted to Seminaries and Private Families, as usual.

Those ladies who have received season tickets to his Balls, will please forward their directions to his dwelling, as soon as possible.

sept. 28—tf

THIS EVENING, Sept. 28,

The performance will commence with

Grand Entree, with a magnificent display of beautiful Horses.

After which the comic spectacle of the

HUNTED TAILOR,

Or, Mr and Mrs Button's Unfortunate Journey to Brentford.

Slack Rope Vaulting, by Mr. Williams, Clown.

Mr Tatnall will go through his wonderful feats of Horsemanship, and conclude with jumping through Four Balloons.

The two wonderful Ponies, the smallest Horses in America, will perform a great variety of astonishing feats of sagacity, and conclude with a boxing match between the Poney and Clown.

Slid Vaulting, by the Troop of Flying Phenomena, viz. Messrs. Yeaman, Carnes, Rogers, Roper, &c —Clowns, Messrs. Williams and Belmont.

The performance will conclude with the grand serious pantomime, founded on fact, called

LA PEROUSE;

Or the Desolate Island.

Doors open at 5, and performance to commence at 7 o'clock.

Tickets to be had at the Circus from 9 until 2 o'clock, and during the evening.

Boxes 50 cents; children under 10 years of age, coming with families, to the boxes 25 cents. Pit, 25 cents

The end of the Pit is partitioned off for *People of Colour*.

Checks not transferable. No Smoking allowed in the Theatre

A Stud and a Grey Horse, for sale. Apply at the Box Office. sept 28—1t

S. PAGE & SON,

BROKERS, SCRIVENERS AND ACCOUNTANTS, No. 8, South Fifth street. Persons having money to put out at interest, may be accommodated with a variety of property in the city or county—Also, bills, bonds, and notes of hand discounted at their office, where Real Estate of every description, Mortgages, Military Lands, Stock and Ground Rents, are bought and sold on Commission; Naturalization Papers for Aliens drawn; Pensions secured; Mechanics' Books posted; Insolvents' Petitions drawn, and their business attended to throughout; Writings of all kinds correctly executed; Money always to be had on good security; and generally in the performance of all duties or services, wherein the aid of an agent or attorney, may be convenient or useful.

N B A Register of Real Estate, &c. kept open for inspection and insertion. Fifty cents charge for an entry. june 8—tf

BENJAMIN RICHARDSON,

LATE from Sheffield, File Manufacturer and Cutler, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND STREET, has commenced manufacturing Files, Table Knives and Forks, Razors of the first quality, warranted for use, Scissors made to order or pattern. Cutlery, of every description, ground, polished and repaired in the best manner, and at the shortest notice. Blades, of the best cast steel, put in Penknive handles, and warranted good; Table knives and forks repaired, either with new blades or handles; Old Files re-cut and made as new.

oct 6—tf

EXTRAORDINARY NOVELTY.

A LIONESS, and her three Whelps, are now to be seen at No 360 Market, between Tenth and Eleventh streets. The Lioness is finely proportioned, and possesses a degree of agility beyond imagination. She is remarkably gentle, and will suffer her keeper to take her Whelps from the cage. Visiters may also handle and examine them in the same manner. Admittance 25 cents—Children half price. Open every day, from 8 to 10 o'clock in the evening. sept 14—3m

Impediments of Speech.

W. CHAPMAN, No. 187, Pine Street, Philadelphia, having cured himself and four gentlemen, of whom he can show the most satisfactory certificates and give reference to, is desirous of extending the like benefit to all persons troubled with Stuttering or Stammering.

It is particularly requested that applications will only be made between the hours of 6 and 7 in the morning and the same hours in the evening.

All letters must be post paid. may 11—tf

JOB PRINTING

BANK Checks,	Law Blanks,
Prices Current,	Commercial Blanks,
Catalogues,	Policies of Insurance,
Circular Letters,	Bills of Lading,
Lottery Tickets,	Lottery Bills,

Cards, and Hand Bills of every description,

Neatly executed at a short notice, on very reasonable terms

Atkinson & Alexander,

No 53 Market street.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival of the packet ship Amity, Capt. Maxwell, at New-York, in 38 days from Liverpool, papers of that place to the 16th, and London dates to the 14th of August have been received.

The most important intelligence furnished by this arrival, is the death of the Marquis of Londonderry, (late Lord Castlereagh) who committed suicide on the morning of the 12th of August, by opening an artery in his neck with a pen-knife.—From the time this melancholy event was known until the sailing of the Amity, it entirely occupied the public attention, almost to the exclusion even of the royal visit to Scotland.

Lord Londonderry was certainly an extraordinary man, and an able statesman. It has been his lot to guide the ship of state during perhaps the most critical and important crisis that the civilized world has seen; and through his long service in the Ministry, he has shown great courage, energy, talent and skill.—"Whatever difference of opinion has been entertained with respect to his public character (says the editor of the Courier) there is but one sentiment, one opinion with respect to his private one: it was the most affectionate and engaging; the most affectionate husband to the most amiable wife; the most polite and finished gentleman; the kindest landlord; the most mild and indulgent master; beneficent to the poor; and so affable, that every man, however inferior his rank, felt himself at his ease the moment he addressed him. In his friendships, he had all the constancy and ardour that so eminently adorned the character of Mr. Pitt. He had all his disinterestedness, all his contempt of every selfish feeling, all his devotedness and attachment to the interests and welfare of the empire." In quoting this passage, the Liverpool Mercury, although a fierce Radical paper, adds, "It is but candid to add, that this favourable character of the deceased accords with the reports which have been uniformly in circulation respecting his private worth."—The Marquis, at the time of his death, was in the 53d year of his age.

The following is a copy of the verdict of the Jury of Inquest on the late Marquis:—

"That on Monday, August 12, and for some time previously, the Most Noble Robert, Marquis of Londonderry, under a grievous disorder did labour and languish, and became, in consequence delirious and of insane mind; and that whilst in that state, with a knife of iron and steel, he did inflict on himself, on the left side of his neck, and of the carotid artery, a wound of one inch in length, and half an inch in depth, of which he instantly died; and that no other person except himself was the cause of his death."

The death of the Marquis of Londonderry, may have an important effect upon the political concerns of Europe. He was to have been at the Royal and Imperial Congress; and he has unquestionably been very influential in preventing an open rupture between the Russians and Turks.

The King of Persia, it is said, has been recently converted to Christianity by the arguments of the celebrated missionary, Martin. Such a conversion must have an important effect in spreading the lights of the Gospel through regions of darkness, ignorance and idolatry.

It is believed in the best informed political circles that Sir Charles Stuart will succeed Lord Londonderry, as Foreign Secretary. But it is stated that Lord Liverpool intends to make it a *sine qua non*, that Mr. Canning shall have the management of the House of Commons.

The King of England embarked for Scotland on the 10th of August, and was expected to land in Scotland on the 14th.

The London Gazette of Tuesday the 6th inst. informs us that the Lord Chamberlain has appointed the Hon. Wm. Pole Tilney Long Wellesley gentleman usher daily waiter to his Majesty. Thus, after extravagantly squandering his wife's immense fortune, he may return from his covert in France without fear of arrest by his creditors. A worthy application of the Royal patronage!

A fleet from Spanish America had arrived at Cadiz, which had lost 20 men by the yellow fever on the passage. Great alarm prevailed in consequence of this arrival. The ships remained in the road, at a great distance from the port. Two persons died of the yellow fever at Barcelona, on the 21st of July.

The Paris journals state that the armies of the south, in the north of Spain, continue to carry on the war with vigor.

The king has conferred the order of the garter on Frederick VI. king of Denmark.

On the 10th of August, the Hercules steam boat, on her passage from Greenock to Campbeltown, ran foul of a boat filled with poor people from the Highlands on their way to the southern districts to labour during harvest. Out of 45 persons, 5 only escaped, and one of them has since died.

A meeting has been held at Edinburgh, and was well attended, to afford relief to the suffering Greeks, and the Dutch journals, announce that subscriptions for the relief of the Irish continue to be received by the church wardens of Amsterdam.

The largest plate-glass manufactory in London, near the western entrance of the London docks, has been destroyed by fire. Loss estimated at one hundred thousand pounds sterling.

A steam boat called the Rising Star, of 70 horse power, and 400 tons, had sailed from England for South America.

Sir S. Achmuty, commander in chief of the Irish forces, dropped suddenly from his horse in the Phœnix Park, Dublin, on the 12th ult. and instantly expired.

Shelley, the infidel poet, lately died at sea in a storm, off the coast of Italy. He had been in Pisa, and was returning to his country abode at Lerici.

The new Marriage Act, it appears, is so bewildered with legal jargon, technicalities, and tautology, that many persons who have been joined in wedlock complain that they really cannot decide from perusing it whether they are married or not.

The Glasgow frigate, was about to leave Calcutta for England with the marquis of Hastings and suite. It was to bring 55 lacs of rupees in silver, (2,750,000*l.* sterling,) and the Ganges from Bombay was also expected with 46 lacs of rupees (2,250,000*l.* sterling,) on account of the East India company, and sundry British merchants.

THE GREEKS.

The most favorable accounts continue to be received of this oppressed and interesting people. It appears from an official account, published by the Greek Admiralty, that the damage sustained in the Turkish fleet by the fire ships, was much greater than is represented in the accounts previously received. Besides the Captain Pacha's ship, three others of the line were burnt and sunk, and seven frigates forced on shore, the crews of most of which perished. The victors immediately detached a part of their squadron to the succour of Candia, which was in danger of falling into the power of the Turks, and completely succeeded in the enterprize. Napoli de Romania had capitulated, and the Turkish garrison was to be transported in French and English vessels. According to the report of the Turks themselves, their fleet consisted of 55 sail before the disaster at Scio, and after it had been joined by the expedition which left Constantinople on the 4th of June. On the 7th of July there were only 25 vessels; consequently 20 were missing.

On the intelligence reaching Constantinople of the catastrophe of the fleet, it was felt like an electric shock, in which the Sultan and Divan participated; and such was its effect on the inhabitants, that the Grand Seignior is said to have ordered some hundreds of Greeks to be publicly put to death, in order to prevent the former from committing the crime of murder.

Weekly Compendium.

FOREIGN.

The merchants in Liverpool and Manchester have it in contemplation to make an iron railway between those two towns. It is calculated that steam carriages will be used for the transportation of goods to and from Manchester.

A great number of Irish Emigrants are nearly in a state of starvation at St. John, (N B)—A committee has been appointed to raise money for their relief—and it has been recommended to this committee to appropriate as much of the subscription money as it possibly can to provide passages to the U. States for the distressed!!!

"*Who shall decide?*"—It is remarkable, in the progress of human opinions, that at the very moment that a British House of Commons was rewarding Dr. Smith with 5000 pounds for the vapour of nitrous acid as a destroyer of contagion, an American legislator, Dr. Mitchill, of New-York, was exhibiting to his fellow citizens, this individual substance, as being the matter of contagion itself.—*London Magazine.*

Chinese Army.—The Emperor has expressed a desire to diminish the army, on account of the great expence of supporting it. The limit number of the standing army for China proper, is stated to be 600,000 men of which the province of Sze-chuen has alloted to it 33,973 men. The governor of that province (ate of Canton,) has remonstrated against diminishing his military establishment.

In Gibralter, it is the opinion that yellow fever is propagated only in the night.—For the last seven years the inhabitants of that place have been encamped during the nights of what is called the yellow fever season, at the Neutral Ground, in the suburbs of the city, and returned to their dwellings in the day. They have escaped the pestilence since this practice has been adopted, and the same measure is recommended by proclamation the present year.

A gentleman, eminent for scholastic discipline and literary attainments, received a few days ago the honorary diploma of L. L. D. from the university of Oxford, to all appearances properly signed and sealed.—After having returned thanks for the honour the university had conferred upon him, and having purchased a doctor's cap, he was much chagrined to learn, by an answer to his letter of thanks from the university, that they had not the honour of knowing the gentleman even by name. This is another of those abominable tricks which have brought so much disgrace on this neighbourhood.—*Durham Paper.*

DOMESTIC.

Three negro men have been committed to prison at Savannah, (Geo.) accused of attempting to poison their master's family, and endeavoring to raise an insurrection among the blacks.

Pardons.—Twelve of the negroes, who were convicted of the attempt to raise an insurrection at Charleston, and sentenced to be executed, have been pardoned by the Governor of that state, on condition that they shall be transported without the limits of the United States.

At Wilmington, (Del.) on Friday evening, the 20th inst. in a scuffle, a black man drew his knife upon a drayman, with which he stabbed him in the abdomen, and inflicted a wound so large that his intestines fell out. It is supposed that the sufferer cannot possibly survive

On Tuesday night, a fire broke out in New-York, in the house of Mr. James Walsh, at the N. W. corner of Catherine and Bancker streets, which was not suppressed until about ten houses were so completely destroyed, that not a vestige of them remains, and six or seven were materially damaged.

There is considerable alarm at Albany on account of the breaking out of the small pox.

The article headed "another Lord in Vermont," is an error. The only privilege that Deacon Mackenzie derives from the estate which lately descended to him by the death of his relative in Scotland, is an eligibility to a seat in the British parliament.

Capt. Gregory, of the U. S. ship Grampus, has landed and given into the custody of the Marshal at Charleston, S. C. *seventy-six Pirates*, whom he captured during his late cruise.

During the severe thunder storm which passed over Fairfield, N. J. on the night of the 13th inst. a barn on the farm belonging to Bayse Newcomb, Esq. of Philadelphia, was struck by the lightning, and together with its contents, totally destroyed.

John Lechler, who was lately convicted of murder in the first degree, in Lancaster county, (Pa.) has been ordered for execution on the 25th of October next.

Examination of Midshipmen.—The next examination of midshipmen, under the regulations for the government of the Naval Service, will be held at New-York on the first of October, and will be conducted by captains Porter, Evans and M'Donough.

The British frigate Iphigenia went to sea from New-York, on Saturday last, with all her sick on board, from an opinion that they would receive more benefit by the voyage than being put on shore. The number on the sick list was 74, only five of whom were considered dangerous—the rest were convalescent. It is understood there was no sickness on board of any consequence when the frigate left Havana, and that she is remarkably clean and in good order.

A person, at a boarding house in Newburyport, Mass lately got up in his sleep and jumped out of the chamber window of the third story, but came to the ground without sustaining any injury.

Intemperance.—A farmer residing a short distance from the Harlæm Bridge, in New-York, became intoxicated at a public house, quarrelled and fought a battle. From thence he started to return home, but on the way accidentally fell from the wagon on his head, and instantly expired.

Two men, Messrs. Hatch and Pace, were suffocated on the 2d inst. by the gas in a well about 45 feet deep, which they were digging for a Mr. Barney, in New-Haven.

The Heroine, Patriot privateer, was lately taken by a Portuguese frigate, and her crew consisted of the following nations, viz. 1 African, 1 Austrian, 1 Greek, 10 French, 6 Spaniards, 26 South Americans, 2 Dutchmen, 42 Englishmen, 19 Americans, 4 East Indians, 7 Italians, 1 Portuguese, 2 Prussians, 1 Russian, and 3 Swedes —in all 126 men.

A number of Seamen who had been recruited in Charleston, S. C. contrary to the law of the U. States, for the Colombian private armed schr. Mary, laying off that port, were stopped while in the act of embarking to join her, last week, and an officer who had assisted in enlisting them was arrested and committed to prison, to answer for the offence.

Three prisoners lately effected their escape from Lexington jail, Kentucky, by sawing a hole through four thick iron gates, which led them into a yard surrounded by a wall 20 feet high, and which they contrived to ascend, and then descend on the outside by a ladder formed of their blankets.

Mr. Thomas Thomas, jun. who was lost from the steam boat Superior, on Lake Erie, was found on the 5th inst. The body was floating *erect* in the water, with hat, watch, &c. all in place.

The Court of Inquiry, at Boston, into the official conduct of Capt. Hull, closed the examination of witnesses on the 20th inst. after being employed in the investigation for 40 days. It adjourned to the 30th, when the evidence will be summed up and the defence delivered in.

Some notion of the deranged state of business in New-York may be formed from the fact, that the list of letters in the Post Office, lately amounted to *two thousand four hundred and twenty.*

The sloop Ranger, of Gloucester, Mass. foundered at sea, off Wells' Bay, a short time since.—The crew were picked up at sea in an open boat.

A sad case.—Mr. Niles, Editor of the Baltimore Weekly Register, declares without hesitation, that "the constitution of that state was a batch of absurdities at first, and has been so MENDED, that there are not five men within its limits who can promptly tell what it is."

We understand, says a Virginian paper of the 15th inst. that a fever of a very malignant type, now prevails in a part of Fluvanna, and some other counties on James River. There have been several cases, four or five of which terminated fatally.—The physicians have pronounced it to be the yellow fever.

The Evening Post.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, Sept. 28, 1822.

WARD ELECTIONS.

The following is the result of the Ward Elections held yesterday, in this city, for Inspectors of the General Election:

	Fed.	*Demo.*	*Totals.*
Upper Delaware,	115	68	183
Lower Delaware,	190	38	208
High street,	85	00	85
Chesnut,	89	75	164
Walnut,	52	00	52
Dock,	47	00	47
New Market,	157	62	219
Cedar,	71	133	204
Locust,	232	131	363
South,	82	34	116
Middle,	102	70	172
North,	161	26	187
South Mulberry,	164	166	330
North Mulberry,	86	135	221
	1593	958	2551

In Penn Township, the Democratic Ticket succeeded by a small majority.

NORTHERN LIBERTIES.

In the first and second wards of the Northern Liberties, the federalists carried their assessors and inspectors—in the third, fifth, sixth and seventh wards the democrats were successful: in the fourth ward, the ticket was divided, and supported by both parties.

SOUTHWARK.

William Hughes, William M'Call, John Thum and William Hook, were elected inspectors of the general election.

Deaths during the last week.

In this city, there were 102 deaths, adults 56, children 46 Of these, 15 died of consumption of the lungs, 25 of the Intermittent, Remittent, Bilious and Typhus fevers, and 32 were under one year of age *Forty-eight* cases of yellow fever were reported during the week.

In New-York, there were 79 deaths, viz. adults 47, children 32—*Sixteen* died of the yellow fever.

In Baltimore, the deaths amounted to 97—of which 36 died of the bilious fever—22 were under one year of age, and 18 people of colour included in the number.

COMMUNICATED.

The Lioness and her Whelps, now in this city, form a truely curious and pleasing exhibition.—These, I am informed, are the first and only young ones in America. They are three in number and about the size of half grown bull-dogs; they are perfectly domestic, and play about the room the same as puppies. The history and character of the Lion are too well known to need my remarks; but certainly, he has, of all animals, an appearance at once the most noble and terrific; his body and limbs are strong and symmetrical; and with his bold uplifted head and piercing eye, seems to command at one view, the whole face of an extensive horizon; and though he is not the largest of animals, yet his fierce and powerful look makes upon the mind an impression which swells imperceptibly to the most awful magnitude—our eyes become fixed upon him, we forget that he cannot approach and we shrink with horror.

DRAMATIC.—Mr. Matthews, the comedian, made his first appearance on the American boards, on Monday evening last, to a Baltimore audience. The theatre was crowded, and the papers speak in high terms of admiration of the performance, which must certainly afford a novel display of the versatility of the human faculties, as the whole of the characters in the entertainment, called *A Trip to Paris*, are filled by this inimitable actor.—The piece was performed in London, for forty nights, with unbounded success. Mr. Matthews present engagement at Baltimore will probably continue two or weeks, when, it is likely he may be induced to favour the citizens of Philadelphia with an exhibition of his rare talents, before he returns to New-York—he repeated the Trip to Paris, on Wednesday night.

Mr. Pepin, who is now at New-Orleans with his company of Equestrians, confines his performances to one night in the week, during the warm season which are given on Sunday.

LATE FROM SPAIN.

Gibraltar papers to the 14th ult. have been received at Boston. The intelligence which they contain as regards the internal state of Spain, is not such as gives promise of that country immediately enjoying all the benefits calculated to result from their constitutional system of government. In an address by the town council of Barcelona to the King, all the plots against liberty are attributed to the palace, and no little surprise is expressed by the addresses, that the King has not become sensible that no monarch can rule the Spanish nation, without strictly adhering to the fundamental laws of the nation. The address further states that it is not in vain that the Spaniards have solemnly declared their determination to preserve their constitution, or to die. The city of Leon is reported to have proclaimed the king with absolute power.

GREECE.—In relation to the affairs of Greece, it is stated that the Turkish garrisons of Coron and Modon, are negotiating to surrender. This event, if consummated, will entirely free the whole peninsula. The emigrants from the islands and Asia Minor, make the population of the Peloponnesus amount to 1,200,000 souls. This fine country is capable of sustaining a much greater population, and the prospect of obtaining its freedom visibly brightens.

Disturbance at Port-au-Prince.

Mr. T. D Johnston, supercargo of the schr. Lapwing, arrived at Baltimore, gives an account of a serious disturbance which took place at Port-au-Prince a few days before he sailed, and which is confirmed by the following article translated from the Official Telegraph—extra.

PORT AU PRINCE, Sept. 1.

On Friday last, the 30th of August, public tranquility was for a short time disturbed in this capital by an unexpected event. The citizen Darfour repaired to the Chamber of Representatives and presented a memorial which aimed at the destruction of our institutions and the revolution of the state. This man, well known as possessing a seditious and dissatisfied character, has evinced in this circumstance that he would stop short at nothing when agitating a conspiracy against the government and the prosperity of the Republic.—This incendiary memorial was read and listened to with horror and contempt by a great majority of the members of the Chamber. The people, having understood the contents of the memorial, sallied forth in crowds into different parts of the city without any order from government, and arrested the citizens Darfour, Beranger, Laborde, Pune, Andre, Noe, Peron, St. Martin and St. Lament. These men, accused of conspiring against the government, have been conducted to the prison of the city, where they will have a speedy trial. When that has taken place, the public will be informed of all the particulars of this unfortunate circumstance.

Capt. Kennedy, of the schr. Lapwing, states that the Rachel and Sally, Ervin, of Philadelphia, from Maranham with her outward cargo on board, was plundered on her passage to Port-au-Prince, off the Platform, by a piratical schr. of about fifty tons, manned with negroes and Spaniards.

Latest from South America.

By the subsequent information contained in letters from the Spanish Main, it appears that the statement which we published on Saturday, relative to the death of Morales, (who evidently has as many lives as a cat) was premature.

"LAGUIRA, Sept 1.

"The country is perfectly quiet. Business is very languid, as this is, with us, the dull season. There is very little produce in the market; the last crop of coffee and cocoa has been nearly all shipped off.—Our next crop, which is very promising, will begin to come in November next, when I hope business will revive.

"Morales has made his retreat and got safe into Puerto Cavello, but with the loss of all his baggage, artillery, some arms and men. He was closely pursued. Such is the nature of the country that it requires a very large force to intercept a small body of men. We are not under any apprehensions of being attacked either here or at Carraccas. In the province of Coro, lately evacuated by the Royalists, Morales and his men have committed in cold blood, some of the most unheard of cruelties, sparing neither age nor sex. Old women and children have been massacred by these bloodthirsty monsters. The Lord have mercy

on those who fall in their hands. The conduct of the Colombian troops is quite different. We have here some of Morales's men who were lately taken prisoners, and they are treated with all the mildness due to their misfortunes."

," Curracoa, Sept. 2.

"Porto Cabello is still in the hands of the royalists—the force, say 1500. Morales made a feint of going to windward to attack Laguira, but suddenly changed and went to Maracaybo, which has no doubt fallen into his hands, as there was but a small garrison there.

Since the capture, the frigate and schr. the prize, appeared off the port—the frigate came in—the others have gone to join Morales at Maracaybo—it is said the frigate will be condemned as unseaworthy. The Patriots only want two frigates to have the complete command of the Main. Le Torres was here a few days since—he has gone to Porto Rico. A singular circumstance occurred yesterday in my presence—as the Patriot brig Orinoco was under weigh, one of her crew, who was in irons, jumped out of one of the port holes, and in spite of his shackles, swam ashore—beat off his irons and fled to the mountains.

The privateer La Centella is here—her consort, the Condor, commanded by the noted Pelot, was taken by the frigate Ligera and brig Hercules, in a calm. Pelot escaped with four men in his boat—the Centella escaped by means of her sweeps, and put in here upon pretence of distress as they do not allow any armed Patriot vessel to come in under their national flag.

Local Affairs.

A coloured boy, while bathing at the Drawbridge, on Tuesday morning, was drowned, every effort to save him being fruitless.

On Saturday evening last, a negro man entered the store of Mr. Bernard Gallagher, in Seventh below Market, and offered a one dollar bill to purchase a pound of sugar; while the person in the store was in the act of placing the note along with some others in a bank book in the drawer, the negro knocked him down with a club, and carried off the whole, amounting to $28.

The corner stone of a new Hebrew Synagogue, in Cherry street, near Third, was laid on Thursday morning last. The design of the building is by William Strickland, Esq. architect, and is said to be remarkably handsome.

On Sunday evening last, Peter Robinson, who lived in this city, No. 6, Chancery lane, was killed about three miles from Lancaster. He was in the Harrisburg stage, when the horses taking fright, he jumped out, and at that instant the stage upset, crushing him under its weight.

A negro woman is stated to have been violently seized in a house in Arch street, and carried off, by three men who had been for some time lurking in the neighbourhood. It is pretended she was a runaway slave. The matter is under investigation.

Mrs. Judson, Missionary, from India, last from Liverpool, arrived in this city on Thursday morning. Her health is very much improved. She crossed the Atlantic in the Amity, to New-York.—Mr. Henry Cammeyer, late chief mate of the Albion, also came passenger in the Amity.

A fire broke out on Monday last, in the stable of Mr. Kain, back of No. 89 Shippen street, and before assistance could be procured, it was consumed, with a large quantity of hay. His dwelling house was much injured in the back part—also a house No. 91, the property of Madame Jane de Tune, the back part and roof of which suffered considerably.

THE TRAGEDY OF TRAGEDIES,

OR, M'DUFFIE AND CUMMING.

Accounts from the South state, that these gentlemen having proceeded to North Carolina for the purpose of settling their differences, and after meeting with some interruption from the civil authority, Mr. M'Duffie proposed to Col. Cumming to fight on the 2d or 3d inst. To this proposal, it is said, Col. Cumming objected on account of fatigue, and offered to meet him on the 4th. Mr. M'Duffie, in reply, stated that as the challenged party, he had the right of choosing the time of meeting, and if his proposition was not acceded to he would consider himself as penally discharged from any further notice of the business. This proposal not being finally accepted by Col. Cumming, Mr. M'Duffie left the place, and arrived at Greenville, S. C. on the 5th inst. The next day Col. Cumming reached there and posted Mr. M'Duffie, who treated his antagonist in the same manner—This done, both gentlemen started for their homes, and thus falls the curtain upon the second act of the farce of the *Duel!*

Another account states, that Col. Cumming having, by some means, ascertained that Mr. M'Duffie, (who, as the *challenged*, had, of course, the choice of terms,) intended to make six paces the distance, instead of 10, as is usually the case, and had been practising accordingly, required a postponement of one day, that, in the meantime, he might have an opportunity to put himself on an equal footing, in this deliberate and premeditated work of death, with his antagonist. M'Duffie refused to grant the delay, and then ensued mutual recriminations in handbills or newspapers, charging each other with want of proper spirit, &c. &c.

From the Boston Evening Gazette.

The two victims to the dangerous insanity of the prisoner Trask, who mortally wounded them on the 6th inst. have expired. Francis Duggan died on Tuesday, and John Newman, yesterday in the county jail. Since the attack made by Trask upon his fellow prisoners, he has been in solitary confinement, and chained to the floor of his room; but the instrument with which he killed his companions has never been discovered. On Monday night last, being without any known instrument to assist him, he broke from the fetters which confined his hands and the collar that encircled his neck, and fractured them into eight or nine different pieces. His hand-cuffs were made after the model of those used on board of ships—consisting of curved irons for the wrists, running on a straight cylindrical bolt, stopped at one end by a large head, and fastened at the other by a stout pin, clenched by means of a hammer. An Iron collar about an inch and a half broad, and near a quarter of an inch thick, was connected with the chains that secured his legs, and was fastened by a bolt. His collar was broken in several pieces, which were, some of them, twisted like a cork screw. There was no mark of a sharp instrument on any of the fragments, but the fractures indicated the exertion of main strength. The bolt belonging to the hand cuffs was broken short off near to one of the ends—and the running irons were twisted in various ways and broken. The whole was effected without any laceration of the flesh, but the wrists of the maniac appeared to be swollen. He has since been confined with a double set of handcuffs and a stronger collar.

We have no doubt, upon examination, that the most difficult fractures in the fetters were effected after the release of his hands and neck from their enclosures, in order to increase the wonder of his jailors. He probably, in the first instance, extricated the bolt and collar from their fastenings, and then, by a most wonderful exertion of human power and ingenuity, broke them into fragments.

FROM A LIVERPOOL PAPER.

The Albion.—The bodies of two more of the unfortunate passengers lost by the wreck of this vessel near Garrestown-stand some time since have been picked up; one, that of Col. Proctor, on Sunday, the 21st ult. near the Old Head of Kinsale, and, which is very remarkable, after having been so many weeks in the water, very little disfigured or decayed, but soon after it was brought ashore it evinced symptoms of decomposition. The identity was ascertained by some papers and a card bearing his name which were found in his pocket, together with a sovereign, another gold coin, and a small case with a lock of hair tied up in it. The body of the other unfortunate person was extremely mutilated, and nothing was found on it which could lead to identification. Mr. Gibbons, the agent of Lloyd's at Kinsale, caused both the corpses to be interred near the spot where the other bodies had been deposited which were washed ashore or picked up immediately after the calamity.

Piracy & Murder.—In the Kingston, Jamaica Chronicle, of the 3d of August, there is a detailed account of a piracy and murder, attended with very aggravated circumstances. A boat was picked up at sea, with 4 men on board, belonging to the sloop *Blessing*, capt. Smith, which on a fourth voyage from St. Jago de Cuba to Jamaica, was fallen in with by a piratical vessel, commanded by a white man, with a mixed crew of colour and countries, among whom were English or Americans.

After bringing the sloop too, the pirates took out the captain and his son, with all the crew, and carried them on board of the schr. leaving the sloop in possession of his people; he then demanded of the captain his money or his life. The captain stated that he had no money, but profered him the cargo, which consisted of one hundred barrels of flour, and fifty tierces of corn meal. On the following day, not producing any money, a plank was run out in the starboard side of the schr. upon which the pirate made capt. Smith walk, and as he approached to the end, they tilted the plank, when he dropt into the sea, and when in the effort of swimming, the piratical captain called for his musket, and discharged it at him, when he sunk, and was seen no more! The rest of the crew were ironed below, with the exception of his son, a boy about 14, who witnessed the fate of his father. In the agony of tears and crying, the captain took the but-end of his musket, and knocked the boy on the head; thereafter took him by the foot, and hove him overboard. On the following day, having previously taken out all the rigging, sails, &c. of the sloop, the pirate set her on fire, and burnt her; and on the same day, gave the crew, consisting of four persons (having stript them of every article but what was on their backs,) the jolly boat, with a bucket of water, and one biscuit each person, without compass, and told them to be off, or he would sink them. In the afternoon of the same day, the boat was picked up by the schr. Mary Ann, belonging to Black River, and the crew landed at Port Morant, on the 18th July.

The Montreal Gazette contains some further particulars of the north-west expedition under Lieut. Franklin. The survivors of the party have reached York Factory, where they were about to embark for England. The expedition sat out in the summer of 1819, and the following year reached the shores of the Great Bear Lake, in lat. 67 deg. where they wintered. In 1821, they reached the Copper Mine river, descended it to the ocean, and coasted along the Polar sea north easterly, a distance of 500 miles, by the end of August, when the commencement of winter, with heavy falls of snow, compelled them to return. They retracted their steps with great difficulty, and suffered extremely for the want of provisions. One of the party from England, nine Canadians, and one Esquimaux, died.

Bristol Township, September 23.

On Saturday night last, between the hours of twelve and one o'clock, some notorious villain or villains set fire to the New School House and place of worship, near the Village of Milestown, about six miles from Philadelphia. They put a quantity of shavings and combustible articles in one of the air holes under the floor, but providentially and fortunately, a young gentleman of the neighborhood happened to pass by and discovered the flames, which had nearly burnt through the floor immediately under the stair case, and by alarming the neighbors, it was with considerable exertions that the fire was extinguished, without much damage being done to the building.

The Trustees of said School have offered a reward of Fifty dollars, on conviction of the perpetrator of the horrid crime.

District Court for the City and County of Philadelphia.

On motion of P. A. Browne, Esq. Anthony Simmons, Junior, was sworn and admitted an Attorney of the Court.

Sept. 26th, 1822.

A New Comet.—Another Comet has made its appearance, which has been observed in Europe and in this country.—The Charleston Courier of the 19th inst. says that it has a tail apparently 15 feet long, and that it is passing from west to east with great rapidity, in the southern quarter of the heavens.

Accident.—A Mr. Sassman, living near the borough of Bethany, Wayne co. (Pa.) fell from a scaffolding while at work upon a new building, on the 16th inst. and died in a few hours afterwards. In falling his head struck a rock. He had erected the scaffold himself a few minutes before the melancholy accident. He has left a wife and several children to lament his loss.

Squirrels.—These destructive animals are stated to be making great ravage among the corn in Ohio. Myriads of them were found in every direction, and it was feared many of the farmers would lose the whole of their crops. Several hunting parties had been formed, and in many instances thousands of them have been destroyed, but still their numbers did not appear to be in the least diminished. Great quantities of them were killed in fields with clubs and stones, and they were literally thronging the streets and house tops of the villages.

The Arkansas Gazette says that settlements were commenced in the Texas as early as 1660, and had an independent Spanish government. A few years since there were but three towns in its whole extent, 300 leagues in length and 100 in breadth. The towns of San Antonio, La Bahia, and Nacogdoches, have gone to decay since 1812. It is calculated that there may once have been 7000 souls in Texas, but in 1820, it was doubtful whether there were 4000.

New Flag.—The State of Peru, has established a new flag. It consists of three stripes; the two exterior stripes of carnation red, and a white one between them.—In the centre of the white stripe will be a sun in carnation red; the superior flag, or flag of the State, a carnation red, with a sun all in white in the centre. The colours of Merchantmen to be the same as the national, three stripes.

Awful Calamity.—The following melancholy circumstances occurred last week in the town of Otselic, in Chenango county, N. Y. A large number of men were employed in raising a barn; two young men were scuffling, and the neck of one was broken in the affray; in this situation he was carried before his father, who was holding a corner post of one of the bents; when (dreadful to relate!) the father, shocked at the horrid spectacle, left his hold, by which means the timbers fell and killed seven men on the spot!

Volcano of Clay.—A very remarkable phenomenon has lately attracted the Sicilians and travellers to the eastern declivity of Etna. It is a volcano of clay, which has burst forth in a plain at 300 paces from the sea. The crater does not exceed two and a half feet; the slimy clay spouts up, rises six or seven feet and spreads itself in such a manner, that at a mile's distance, it forms a marsh or slough. This clay is excellent for pottery.

It is proposed to erect at Plymouth, Mass. a building commemorative of the landing of the pilgrim fathers of New England.

The Old Colony Memorial states that the sword with which Col. B. Church, despatched the Sachem Philip in 1175, after he was shot by one of the natives, friendly to the English, has lately been presented to the Historical Society of Massachusetts.

The Canal Loan, lately advertised, was taken at Albany, on the 23d instant, by Messrs. Astor & Son, of New-York, in six per cent stock, $100,000 at 107¼ and $150,000 at 107.

Five cases of yellow fever, three of which have terminated in death, have occurred in Poplar street, Brooklyn. Four of the sick had been frequently in New York, but the origin of the fifth case cannot be satisfactorily accounted for.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

It is the custom in many of the villages of New-Jersey, to send the ladies a verse or two by way of compliment on Valentine's day, expressive (of course) of affection and unalterable love. As a humble specimen of so romantic a custom, the following lines are handed you for publication. They were written a year or two ago to a belle of Springfield, then on a visit to this city, and though there is a particle of locality about them, yet they may prove amusing to some of your readers. Y.

STANZAS—TO MISS —— ——.

Say, with fortune's smiles propitious,
Where's the moment we can claim,
Brighter, sweeter, more delicious,
Hallowed by a nobler flame.

When in Beauty's blaze of splendour,
Brightened by the morn of youth,
We a sacred vow can tender,
Plighted on the fane of truth.

Yes and while through life a ranger,
Time has passed on joyous wing,
Wafting too, an eastern stranger,
Blooming like the rose of spring,

Still those roses he may nourish,
They *alone* I cannot prize,
Nor can faithful Friendship flourish,
Only from thy di'mond eyes.

But that charm,—I'll ne'er deceive thee,
Which a polished mind bestows,
Cannot, will not, shall not leave thee,
Like thy morning's fairest rose

And, could I, (will fortune bless me)
That bright flow'ret's guardian be,
What though storms and tempests press me,
Still through all I'd look to thee.

But should fortune round us sporting,
Waft her gifts on downy wing,
I will then her favour courting,
In thy path her roses fling.

Here's the harp, whose chords now broken,
Then might sound with nobler swell,
Here's its warm and honest token,
Ere thou bid'st thy long farewell.

Last week before the Buckingham (Vir.) Superior Court, there were not less than five men arraigned for murder. One who is named Cubbs, was charged with the murder of a neighbor, some four or five years ago. He then fled and on returning recently, has been arrested.

The ship Tennessee, capt. Hamilton, belonging to this port, was cast away on the 20th of July, five leagues to the eastward of Montevideo. Mr. Hockley, the supercargo, and one seaman were drowned. The beach was for miles strewed with the wreck, and cargo. A part of the latter had been saved and brought to Montevideo.

HEALTH OF BALTIMORE.

The following report of the interments in that city was made to the Health Office for the last week, ending the 23d inst.—total 97—of which one was of typhus, and thirty-six of bilious fever! Is it not singular that such great mortality should prevail from bilious fever? We understand that it is principally confined to Fell's Point; the place if we are not mistaken, where the malignant fever prevailed a year or two ago. If it is the same kind of bilious fever which at that time proved so fatal, does not justice require that its appropriate name should be given it?

Thomas Edmondston, aged 24 years, a native of this city, and one of the crew of the ship Gov. Hawkins, fell into a dock at Charleston, S. C. on the 10th inst. and was drowned.

Cyrus Robertson, a black man, said to be a native of this city, fell from the side of the schr. Cygnet, into the river, at Fredericksburg, Virginia, on the 18th inst. and was drowned.

A negro boy, who was fishing with others near Charleston on the 11th instant, fell into the water, when a gentleman, a cashier of one of the banks, observing his imminent danger, jumped into the stream, and rescued the little fellow from drowning.

Capt. Gaul arrived at this port on Saturday from Laguyra, brings information that a body of troops have arrived at Maracaibo for its defence, for which the merchants of that place and Caraccas have to pay $1200 per months towards their support.

A new Carrier having been engaged to deliver this paper to the Subscribers in the North Western district of the city, our subscribers in that direction will leave notice in case they may not receive it regularly.

MARRIED,

On Sunday last, by the Rev. W. Metcalf, Mr. SAMUEL BROOKS, of the Northern Liberties, to Miss BOLTON, of Frankford.

On Sunday last, by the Rev. W. Metcalf, Mr. JOSHUA THORP to Miss BROOK, both of Philadelphia.

On Sunday last, by the Rev. W. Metcalf, Mr. JOHN WOODHEAD, of this city, to Miss ELLEN WHITEHEAD, of Hattborough, Pa.

On Thursday evening, the 19th inst. by George Bartram, Esq. NATHAN STOTT to ELIZABETH DYRE, both of Cedar Grove, Philadelphia county.

On the 19th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Barlow, Mr. ALEXANDER ALLAN to Miss ADELINE, daughter of Capt. Peter Davy, both of this city.

At Utica, N. Y. Mr DANA J. UPSON, of Philadelphia, to Miss MARY F. CLARKE, daughter of Capt. William Clarke.

On the 12th inst. by the Rev. John Finley, NATHAN B HAMMOND, Esq. of Baltimore county, to Miss MARY ANN KING, of this city.

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Janeway, BERNARD B. HAZLETON, to Miss ELIZA DAVIDSON, all of this city.

On the evening of the 25th inst. by the Rev. Wm. H. Vanvleck, Mr. PHILIP A. SMALL, of York, (Pa.) to Miss SARAH, daughter of the late William G. Latimer, of this city.

On Wednesday, Sept 25, by the Rev. Dr. James P. Wilson, Mr. JACOB STEPHENS to Miss MARGARET MORTON, both of Cæcil county, Maryland.

At Manchester, (Vt.) on the 10th inst. by Joshua French, Esq. Mr. BENJAMIN PURDY, of Manchester, to Miss MARY BRUSH, of Sandgate, each in the 81st year of their age. What is most remarkable is that Mr. Purdy is not only the *last* man married in this town, but was also the *first!*

DIED,

In Martau village, on Saturday last, Mrs. ELIZA VALUE, wife of Victor Value, aged 38.

At Mobile, on the 16th ult. THOMAS HAFFORD, aged 32, and on the 17th, Mrs. TATEM, wife of John Tatem—both from Philadelphia.

On Tuesday morning, Mr. GODFREY FREDERICKSON, aged 52.

At sea, on the 20th July last, Mr. WILLIAM HOCKLEY, of this city, aged 23.

On Tuesday evening, Mrs. ELIZABETH GAUL, consort of the late Capt. Richard Gaul.

On Monday evening, Mrs. ELIZABETH, wife of Powel Carpenter, aged 21.

On Thursday afternoon, ISRAEL M. PECK, of this city.

On the 22d inst. of a short but severe illness, Mr. JACOB CLAWGES, aged 31.

On the 24th instant, of consumption, GEORGE KEMP, jr. aged 26.

On Thursday last, Mr. ISRAEL M. BECK, of this city.

On Wednesday evening, after a short illness, Mr. JOSEPH MARTIN, aged 86.

In Georgetown, D. C. on the 19th inst. Mrs. MACOMB, wife of Gen. Alexander Macomb.

Near Dover, Del. on the 22d inst. DANIEL CORBIT, aged 33, formerly of Philadelphia.

At Columbus, Mississippi, on the 30th ult. of Bilious fever, MATTHEW F. IRWIN, aged 26, formerly of this city.

In Columbus, Mississippi, on the 30th ult. of Bilious fever, MATTHEW W. TRAIN, aged 24, formerly of this city.

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 36 Carters Alley, a few doors from Third st. directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of BOOTS and SHOES, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of Eastern Shoes.
aug 3—tf JOSEPH COGGINS.

Cabinet Ware-Room,
No. 28 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand a variety of Fashionable FURNITURE, made of the best materials, which he offers for sale on reasonable terms. ☞ All orders promptly executed.
june 8—tf JOHN JAMES, Jun.

PORTER, ALE and CIDER.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he continues to bottle PORTER, ALE and CIDER, of the choicest quality, for home consumption or exportation, at his stand No. 108 MARKET STREET, corner of Franklin Court, between Third and Fourth.
may 25—6m JOHN C. RUHLMAN.

PUBLIC SALES.

BY COMLY & TEVIS, Auc
No. 73 Market street.

On Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, on a cred of 60 days, for approved notes,
A large assortment of fresh imported and seasonable Dry Goods, in lots.
Also, an extensive variety of Domestic Goods.

DRY GOODS.

On Saturday morning next, at 9 o'clock, will be sold, on a credit,
An extensive assortment of DRY GOODS, suited to the season.

Bucks County Farm,
FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE Farm, situate in Plumstead Township, Bucks County, 3½ miles from Doylestown, and 29 miles from Philadelphia, containing one hundred and eleven acres prime land, thirty of which is well timbered, and ten acres watered meadow, the remainder in a high state of cultivation and enclosed with good fences; a young thriving apple orchard and a variety of other fruit trees. The improvements consist of a new two story stone house, four rooms on a floor, piazza in front, and a well of never failing water at the door, a good stone barn, 32 feet by 28, and a number of other out buildings.—Possession will be given on the 1st day of April next, clear of all incumbrance—Terms $35 per acre, one-third cash, and the remainder in two equal annual payments, secured by the premises. For further particulars, apply to JOHN HOLDERMAN, Esq. on the premises, or to

S. Page & Son,
Brokers and Land Agents, No. 8, so. Fifth Street.
sept 28—3t*

THE ACADEMY
CORNER OF FOURTH & SPRUCE STREETS,

FOR the instruction of Ladies and Gentlemen in Music, Dancing, and the French and English Languages, re-opened on the 16th instant.

Dancing.—Ladies receive lessons from 12 o'clock until 2; Masters and Misses, in the afternoon, and Gentlemen in the evening. By a peculiar method of teaching, acquired by long experience, the instructor flatters himself to qualify his pupils to dance at Balls, &c. with propriety, in 25 lessons.

French.—Gentlemen desirous of becoming acquainted with that useful and almost universal Language, have now an opportunity, by joining the classes now forming, of acquiring a competent knowledge thereof, (during the course of the season.)

Music.—Young gentlemen wishing to be instructed on the violin, will receive their lessons at hours convenient to themselves.

Private lessons, in any of the above mentioned branches, may be received, at hours agreed upon, either in the day or evening.

For terms and other particulars, please to apply at the Academy, to IGNACE FRAISIER, Ancient Professor of Dancing and of the French Language; sworn Interpreter, Translator, &c.

Mr. F. continues to attend in Families and Seminaries.

N. B. The School Room, when unoccupied, will be let for Private Balls, Parties, &c.
sept 28—tf

MUSICAL GLASSES.

MR. RICHARDSON respectfully informs the Public his third performance will take place this Evening, at the Washington Hall. In addition to his sett of Glasses he has added a grand sett, imported for the celebrated Mr. Cartwright, and will perform the following favourite Airs:

The Streamlet—Auld Lang Syne—Pleyel's German Hymn—Musette de Nina—How Sweet in the Woodlands—Begone dull Care—Gramachree—Within a Mile of Edinbro'—Oh Nanny wilt thou gang wi' me—interspersed with Songs by Mrs & Miss Richardson from the Theatres.

Tickets 50 Cents—Children 25.—Performance will commence at half past 7 o'clock.
sept. 28—1t

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Ladies' Shoe Store.

THE Ladies of Philadelphia, and the Public generally, are respectfully informed that the Subscriber has commenced the Ladies' Shoe manufacturing business, in the Stand recently occupied by T. Phillips, No. 83 Race Street; where he hopes by low prices, good work, and punctuality in executing all orders, to obtain a liberal share of patronage. L. W. RYCKMAN.
sept. 28—tf

The 15th day of October next,
And only two more Drawings of the
PENNSYLVANIA STATE LOTTERY,
Second Class.
And the following Prizes are to be drawn;
One Prize of 15,000 Dollars,
One Prize of $8,000—1 of 5,000—1 of 2,000—2 of 500—3 of 100—besides prizes of $5.

Prizes payable 60 days after the Drawing is concluded; subject, as usual, to a deduction of fifteen per cent. ☞ Prizes all floating.

Present price of whole Tickets 8 dollars, Shares in proportion, but will soon rise, for sale at
GIBBS'S
TRULY LUCKY OFFICE,
No. 4½ SOUTH THIRD STREET.

Who will advance the cash for prizes the moment drawn.

Union Canal and Pennsylvania State Lottery prizes received in payment for tickets, &c.

Apply or address to JOHN GIBBS, Lottery Broker, No. 4½ South Third street, Philadelphia.

It will be recollected that No. 2591, the prize of $5000, in the 2d class, new series, and the highest prize in the scheme, was sold and paid at Gibbs' far famed office, besides other capitals.
sept. 28—tf

LYRICS,

BY WILLIAM B. TAPPAN, just Published and for sale at the principal Book-stores in this city, price 62½ cents. sept 7—tf

TO BE RENTED,

A good House near the corner of Third and Walnut streets, with six lodging rooms, two garrets, a kitchen on the ground floor, and cellar kitchen likewise—hydrant water in the yard. The situation is desirable. Apply to THOMAS GOODWIN, corner of Third and Walnut st. aug 31—3t

NO. 57, MARKET STREET.
Cast Steel Scythes, Sickles, &c.

THE most approved makes of Grass and Corn SCYTHES, cut and wrought NAILS, with a general assortment of HARDWARE and CUTLERY, for sale by the Subscriber, cheap for cash, Wholesale or Retail.
Thomas Shipley.
april 27—tf

New Leghorn Store,
NO. 31, *SOUTH SECOND STREET.*

THE Store lately occupied by S. G. Fotteral and Co. is now occupied by Mrs KNEELAND, who has just opened a large assortment of gentleman's, boys' and children's Leghorn Hats, common Straw and Chip Hats, ladies' Leghorn and Split Straw Bonnets, with a variety of Fancy Goods. june 8—tf

THE OLIO.

"Variety's the very spice of life,
That gives it all its flavour."

[Mr. T. Moore has lately published a third number of the *National Melodies*, equal, if not superior, in all respects, to either of the two former ones. We subjoin from it the following song adapted to a Venetian air. 'It is of that kind in which he pre-eminently excels.—*Paul Allen.*]

SONG.

Row gently here, my gondolier,
So softly wake the tide,
That not an ear on earth may hear
But her's to whom we glide.
Had Heaven but tongues to speak, as well
As starry eyes to see,
Oh think! what tales 'twould have to tell
Of wandering youth like me.

Now rest thee here, my gondolier!
Hush! hush! for up I go,
To climb yon light balcony's height,
Whilst thou keep'st watch below.
Oh! did we take for heaven above,
But half such pains as we
Take, day and night, for woman's love,
What angels we should be.

EARLY RISING.

The morning of every day is the beginning of every man's life. One of your greatest errors—for I know you well and do not mean to flatter you—one of your greatest errors is, that you do not seize upon these beginnings of your life so early as you might do. You lived yesterday, indeed, to a good old age, and died last night after the powers of your mind and body were entirely exhausted. But I must remind you, my friend, that you have spent the greater part of the youth of this day in the state of the dead. The great business of your life was up before you; you have been running after it this whole afternoon, and I am afraid you will never overtake it till old age overtakes you.

FITTING THE HEAD.

In a trial which lately took place in the court of common pleas, London, where the plaintiff was a tailor, and the defendant an insolvent man of fashion, the following disclosure took place:

Counsel—"Were there two of the coats that did not fit?"

Witness—"They did not *fit the head.*"

Counsel—"The head! I thought coats were usually made to fit the body?"

Witness begged he might not be compelled to disclose secrets of trade. The question was pressed.

Witness—"We often make coats which fit extremely well, but some fault is found, and they are sent back to be altered. In such a case, we say they do not *fit the head.* We keep them a proper time, and then send them back untouched, when they are found to be just the thing, and to fit delightfully."

A HIGH AUTHORITY.

Mr. Curran was once engaged in a legal argument; behind him stood his colleague, a gentleman whose person was remarkably tall and slender, and who had originally intended to take orders. The Judge observed that the case under discussion involved a question of ecclesiastical law—"Then," said Curran, "I can refer your lordship to a *high* authority behind me, who was once intended for the church, though, in my opinion, he was fitter for the steeple."

In a certain town, not more than fifty miles from Boston, as the clergyman was holding forth in his usual drowsy manner, one of the Deacons, probably influenced by the narcotic qualities of the discourse, fell into a doze. The preacher happening to use the words, *What is the price of all earthly pleasures?* The good Deacon, who kept a small store, thinking the enquiry respecting some kind of merchandize, immediately answered, *seven and sixpence a dozen.*

JAMES B. WOOD,

42 SPRUCE, between Front and Second streets,
(Near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia,)

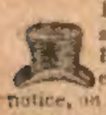
MANUFACTURES and keeps constantly on hand, the Patent Wheat Fans, and the old Dutch Fans; likewise, Fans for cleaning Coffee and Rice, and all other Grain.

CUTTING BOXES, of a superior kind, may be had as above, and others of all sorts and sizes.

FARMING UTENSILS, of every description, for sale at reasonable prices.

Orders for Shipping, or other purposes, will be supplied at the shortest notice, on moderate terms. aug 3—tf

JOHN M'CLOUD, 46 Market street,



KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. aug 3—tf

☞ The Duties of M. DEAN's Seminary for Young Ladies are to be resumed on Monday next, the 26th inst.

CLEVER ALLEY, No. 7, north side.

WANTED, a Lady to instruct the pupils in embroidery, rug-work, &c. Apply to M. DEAN, as above. aug 24—tf

REMOVAL.

MRS. SHALLUS,

INFORMS her Patrons that she has REMOVED her CIRCULATING LIBRARY, to No. 115, SOUTH SECOND STREET, nearly opposite the Custom House—where she will be happy to serve them with all the NEWEST and most approved works. Present price of Subscription $5, per annum—$2 75, half yearly—$1 50, quarterly. july 20—tf

TO RENT,

A small convenient Stone House with six rooms, including kitchen and chamber, with a stable, and an excellent pump of water in the yard, situate in the pleasant village of Haddington, four miles from Schuylkill Bridge. Enquire of the subscriber.

Thomas Goodwin,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, North East corner of Third and Walnut Streets. sept 6—tf

Clock and Watch Making.

SAMUEL HUCKEL, Clock and Watch Maker, No. 38, South Street, a few doors above Front Street, has for sale, Clocks and Watches, Chains, Seals and Keys, Jewellery, &c &c.

*** Clocks and Watches carefully repaired and warranted. aug. 24—tf

To Fullers and Manufacturers.

FULLERS' BOARDS

OF superior quality, for sale by RICHARDS JOHNSON, No. 31, Market street. Also, for sale as above a large and general assortment of good BLANK BOOKS, PAPER, STATIONARY, &c. which together with a large stock of SCHOOL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, will be sold at the lowest market prices.

Court and Merchant's Account Books ruled to order and bound to any pattern.

*** RAGS and QUILLS taken in exchange.

July 6—tf

SILVEIRA & BROWNE,

WOOLEN DRAPERS AND TAILORS, No. 83, South Second Street, between Norris's and Gray's Alleys, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have now on hand a handsome assortment of superfine Black and Blue Cloths, with a variety of other fashionable colours; a fine assortment of Cassimeres and Vestings of the latest fashion; together with Drillings, Stripes, &c. Any of the above will be made to order on the most reasonable terms, and as they are provided with the best workmen, they flatter themselves they will be able to give satisfaction to those who may favour them with their custom. aug 3—tf

Union Canal Lottery,

THIRD CLASS—NEW SERIES.

A. M'INTYRE, MANAGER.

To be drawn on the 31st of Oct. in five minutes!

TICKETS and SHARES

FOR SALE AT

P. CANFIELD'S

Pennsylvania State Lottery Office, No. 127, Chesnut street, nearly opposite and between the Post Office and United States' Bank.

And where the cash will be paid for all prizes, sold at the above office, as soon as drawn. Orders, post paid, thankfully received, and promptly attended to—and Clubs dealt with on the most favourable terms. The original of all shares Tickets sold at the above office, will be deposited in the hands of the Manager, for the security of the purchaser.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7, 1822.—tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber after having received such an ample share of public patronage, would be wanting in something more readily conceived than expressed, did he not express his gratitude on the occasion. He therefore most respectfully returns his sincere thanks to all for the favours received, and trusts by his future exertions to merit a continuance of public approbation. In the Union Canal Lottery, 10th class, which has just closed, the following capital prizes were sold and paid at his Office, viz:

No. 585	$1000		No. 23	$500
5817	1000		8255	500
19687	1000		7191	500
10682	1000		12569	500
19617	1000			

No. 19441, 17285, 16986, 8553, 5178, 3663, 1761, 16588, 7371, 6272, 6360, 18587, 17064, 489, 453, 1080, 4895, each . $100

Besides a large number than $50, $20, &c.

Being a larger number than was sold and paid by any other broker in the same lottery. May be not then, with confidence, claim the attention of the public and his friends, to the following scheme of the Union Canal Lottery, new series, the merits of which will be discovered by a mere perusal? The mode of drawing is already familiar to the public, and therefore needs no explanation.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY,

THIRD CLASS—NEW SERIES.

1 prize of	$7500 is	$7500
1 do.	2500 is	2000
1 do.	2000 is	2500
1 do.	1500 is	1500
1 do.	1000 is	1000
1 do.	750 is	750
1 do.	500 is	500
1 do.	400 is	400
1 do.	300 is	300
1 do.	265 is	265
30 do.	50 is	1500
90 do.	25 is	2250
180 do.	20 is	3600
2175 do.	10 is	21750
2485 Prizes.		$45815
4060 Blanks.		

6542 Tickets, at $7 each, $45815

To be drawn in five minutes, on the 31st day of October next, and the prizes paid immediately thereafter.

Whole tickets $8, halves $4, quarters $2, eighths $1. Tickets for sale at

GIBBS'S

TRULY LUCKY OFFICE,

No. 4½ SOUTH THIRD STREET.

Who will advance the cash for prizes the moment drawn.

Union Canal and Pennsylvania State Lottery prizes received in payment for tickets, &c.

Apply or address to JOHN GIBBS, Lottery Broker, No. 4½ South Third street, Philadelphia.

It will be recollected that No. 2591, the prize of $5000, in the 2d class, new series, and the highest prize in the scheme, was sold and paid at Gibbs' far famed office, besides other capitals. sept. 14—tf

LEATHER STORE.

ABRAHAM WINNEMORE, at No. 55 PINE STREET, Philadelphia, has constantly on hand, an assortment of LEATHER, which he can dispose of as low, for cash or approved notes, as can be obtained in the city. aug 3—tf

TO THE ELECTORS

Of the City and County of Philadelphia.

FELLOW Citizens, being encouraged by a number of my friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, and respectfully solicit your suffrages at the next general election. JOHN SIMMONS.

7th mo. 30—tE

Commission Paper Warehouse,

No. 74 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

PAPER, of all descriptions, received on Commission, and advances made in anticipation of sales.—For further particulars enquire as above.

HICKMAN & HAZZARD.

sept 14—3t

ROBERT S. ENGLISH,

HOUSE CARPENTER, No. 31, Strawberry street, carries on all the various branches of Carpentry, on very reasonable terms for CASH. He will warrant his work to be equal, both for durability and elegance, to any in the city.

PACKING BOXES made at the shortest notice.

*** All orders thankfully received and promptly executed. may 18—tf

Schuylkill Navigation Inn.

THE Subscriber, thankful for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has made the best arrangements for their accommodation, at his establishment on High street, at the N. E. corner of Schuylkill Third street, by the addition of a very commodious room, &c. He will have constantly on hand, a stock of the choicest Liquors, and hopes, by his attention to those who may favour him with their custom, to merit a share of patronage and support.

THOMAS GARNER.

June 15—tf

FREDERICK KLETT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Druggist, Oil and Colourman,

No 261, N. E corner of Callowhill & Second sts.

RESPECTFULLY offers to Physicians, Country Merchants, Dyers and Fullers, a general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, and Dye Stuffs; such as Logwood, Redand Nicaragua Wood, Fustic, Turmeric, Copperas, Verdigris, Madder, Cudbear, Woad, Oil Vitriol, Aqua Fortis, Muriatic Acid, Cochineal, &c. Dry and Ground White Lead, Red Lead, Orange Mineral, Litharge, Vermilion, Prussian Blue, Chromic Yellow, Rose Pink, Stone Ochre, Philadelphia and Patent Green, Umber, Whiting, &c.; with a general assortment o Window Glass.

☞ The above articles will be sold on reasonable terms. Prompt attention will be paid to all orders which he may be favoured with, and packed in the most careful manner. july 13—tf

OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA.

J. OLDRIDGE begs leave to inform the inhabitants of the United States and elsewhere, that he has discovered, by the power of chemistry, the grand desideratum of preventing the hair from falling off, in the short space of FORTY-EIGHT HOURS after the first application.

This *Balm* will also restore hair on bald places, and speedily cure the dandruff. He now considers it altogether useless to continue to give signatures, its utility being universally known in Philadelphia, and hundreds are at this time receiving their hair again. J. O. begs leave to return thanks to the generous Americans, for the liberal encouragement bestowed upon his capillary restorative since its first discovery, and hopes to merit a continuation of their favours. Prepared and sold at one dollar per bottle, and half bottle 50 cents, at No. 55½ South Front street, and at No 11 North Fourth street, Philadelphia, by

july 6—tf JOHN OLDRIDGE.

Joseph Richards,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has recommenced the Grocery business in the store, No. 22 NORTH SECOND STREET, adjoining Christ Church, where he has now on hand and for sale, a general and well selected assortment of every article in his line, such as very superior Old Cognac and Bordeaux Brandy, 1st and 4th proof—Holland Gin, Weesp Anchor—Jamaica Spirits—Antigua and St. Croix do.—L. P. Madeira Wine—Teneriffe, Lisbon, Dry and Sweet Malaga, Port and Claret do. in bottles or draft—Cherry Bounce,—with an assortment of Cordials and other Domestic Liquor—Fresh Bordeaux Sallad Oil, by the basket or bottle—Green and Black Teas, of the latest importations in market—Coffee—Brown Lump and Loaf Sugar—Boston Chocolate, No. 1—Philadelphia do.—Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Allspice, Pepper and Ginger—Raisins—Powder and Shot—Honey—W. I. and Sugar House Molasses—and a variety of articles which it is unnecessary to mention. aug 10—tf

Teeth One Dollar.

WILLIAMS performs every operation on the Teeth complete for $1. Filing, extracting and plugging a single tooth, 25 cents, if plugged with gold, 50 cents. Williams fixes teeth in the mouth, warranted to give satisfaction, for $1 50 a tooth. Williams gives information from the Italian, French, English and American authorities, calculated to insure good teeth for life. He also saves teeth in the same way his own were saved, the least painful of any of the English ways; there are three ways, by Hunter, Fox and Norton.

B. WILLIAMS, *Dentist,*

june 1—tf 161 Vine street, near Fifth

GEORGE ALLCHIN,

BOOK BINDER and GILDER on the edges of Books, Letter and Filagree Paper. Paper blacked on the edges for mourning, at No. 165 Vine street, third door above Fifth street, north side—Where he continues to manufacture Backmon Tables and Chess Boards.

Orders from any part of the United States executed on reasonable terms. mar. 4—tf

CHARLES M'ARTHUR,

Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, &c. &c.

CONTINUES at the old established stand, No. 31 UNION STREET—where all orders in his line will be punctually attended to.

☞ Cloth, Silk Dresses and Shawls, &c dyed to any shade or pattern, at a short notice, and at very moderate prices. aug 3—tf

Hugh Downing,

CABINET, Chair and Venetian Blind Maker, No. 36 NORTH SECOND STREET, between Market and Arch, opposite Coomb's alley. Having just commenced business, he flatters himself by promptitude and neatness in the execution of all orders entrusted to him, to merit a share of public favour. june 15—6m

Wholesale and Retail Brewery.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that they can be supplied with FRESH BEER and ALE, at the following prices, viz. from five gallons and upwards, at the rate of 18¾ cents per gallon—Table Beer at 6¼ cents per gallon, Yeast, &c. WM. STEVENS,

No. 64, corner of Gray's alley and Front street. sept 15—tf

JOHN M. LOWRY, Draper & Taylor,

TAKES this method of informing his friends and the public, that he has commenced business at No. 206 RACE STREET, above Sixth, and he hopes by strict attention to business to obtain a share of public patronage.

N. B. Business attended to at the shortest notice, and most fashionable style. aug 10—1y

DAVID EVANS,

OF the late firm of David and Joseph Evans, has Opened a Commission MOROCCO and LEATHER STORE, *No. 27 Chesnut street,* between Second and Front streets, Philadelphia, where he will sell all kinds of Leather on Commission for Country Tanners and others, and always keeps a general assortment of Morocco, of various colours, on hand—he likewise purchases Spanish Hides and Tanners Oil for those who may want. A large assortment of GOAT SKINS is expected shortly, on consignment.

Being brought up to the Tanning and Currying he considers himself a judge of Leather and Hides. He will also receive SHOES to sell on Commission. ☞ *All which will be attended to with fidelity.* aug 3—tf

The Select Didactic Seminary,

IN Fromberger's Court (Second street, between Market and Arch) which is now vacated, will be re-opened on the 26th inst.

A class will be instructed in Drawing and Penmanship on the evenings of Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

A class will also be opened for instructing Adults in English Grammar, on principles calculated to insure a good knowledge of parsing in 25 lessons.

Application may be made at the Seminary, or at No. 18, opposite. PARDON DAVIS.

aug. 3—6m

FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY of Bricklayers and Mason's Tools, the property of a person declining business, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms, on application to JACOB S. CUNITZ, in Ann street, between Schuylkill Sixth and Seventh streets. sept 14—tf

A. ATKINSON'S

SUPERIOR PATENT SPRING RIDING SADDLES,

AND PATENT LAPORTE BRIDLES, &c.

HAVING purchased of JOHN J. MORRIS, of the city of New-York, the sole and entire right of making and vending his newly invented SPRING SEAT and SPRING POINTED SADDLES, within the city and county of Philadelphia, offers them for Sale,

AT HIS SADDLE & HARNESS MANUFACTORY,

No. 5 North Fifth street.

Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and see the principle on which they are constructed.—Nearly two years' trial of the above Saddles in New-York, has rendered comments unnecessary—confident of their utility he offers them to the public, that they may decide on their superiority.

The Laporte Bridles are constructed in such a manner as to curb the most vicious Horse without injuring him, and with perfect ease and safety to the rider. They are well adapted for Ladies, and persons not in the practice of riding, as it gives them full power over their Horses in cases of fright.—They can also be applied to Harness of every description. Also, for sale, an assortment of Superior STEEL and PLATED BITTS and STIRRUPS.

N. B. Gentlemen can be accommodated with Spring Saddles for trial, if required. june 15—tf

CHEAP STORE.

EARNEST F. CROZET,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced business at No. 6 NORTH SIXTH STREET, Philadelphia, where he intends to keep a general assortment of FRENCH HANGING PAPER, BOOKS and STATIONARY, &c. which he will dispose of on reasonable terms. ☞ Teachers and Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere. He has also for sale, TRUNKS of different sizes.

*** PRINTING of every description, neatly executed, and on the most reasonable terms.

N. B. OLD RAGS BOUGHT. aug 3—6m

OLD COLUMIAN *COACH LINE* For NEW-YORK.

Through in Twelve Hours.

VIA Bordentown and South Amboy, and only 30 miles land carriage, over a gravel turnpike. First line leaves the upper side of Market street wharf, every morning, at 6 o'clock, and arrives in New-York by steam boat Olive Branch, at six o'clock same evening. Breakfast and dine on board. Fare only $4.

Second line leaves the same wharf every day, (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock. Take coach at Bordentown, proceed to Perry's Hotel, South Amboy, where they lodge, and from thence by steam boat to New-York, where they arrive at 10 o'clock next morning. Fare only $2 50.

This line is inferior to none between the two cities as the coaches are all new, good horses, with careful drivers. The proprietors therefore solicit a share of public patronage.

For seats apply at Yohe's Hotel, North Fourth street, C. Bailey, U. S. Mail and Citizens Coach Office, No. 30, south Third street, and at the steam boat office, No. 3, Market street.

John Bowman, Joseph E. Fisher, Chester Bailey, Wm. Arnel & Co. } *AGENTS FOR* PROPRIETORS.

may 11—tf

TO THE ELECTORS

Of the City and County of Philadelphia.

THE Subscriber offers himself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, and respectfully solicits the suffrages of his fellow citizens at the ensuing Election.

Richard Palmer,

Southwark, Philadelphia County, July 27—tE

QUILL MANUFACTORY.

KREYMBORG & HAGEDORN, No. 41 Chesnut, Philadelphia, has on hand and offers for sale, all kinds of Clarified Yellow and White Manufactured QUILLS, from $2 50 to $25 the thousand. aug 3—tf

Silk, Cotton and Woollen Dyer.

S. WILLIAMSON, No. 38, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, respectfully informs the Dry Good Merchants, that he still continues the above business, of Dying French and Canton Crapes, Levantines, Mantua and Florence Silks, Sattins, Velvets, Gauzes, Sewing Silks, Ribands, &c. and restores Silks to their original colours, Bombazets, Bombazeens, Poplins, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Waterloo Shawls Dyed, Pressed or Sponged, and every article of Clothing.

S. W. flatters himself, from his long experience in the above business, all those who may favor him with their orders he hopes he will be able to give general satisfaction. july 13—6m

Tooth Ache Cured.

Instantaneously and without pain, even where all the known applications have failed to afford relief.

S. MILFORD, Dentist,

FROM LONDON,

ASSURES those who may be disposed to try his remedy, that he will make a perfect cure, and enable the patient to chew with the teeth that were affected, even though the complaint had been aggravated by bad treament. In less than forty-eight hours after the pain is cured, Mr. M. can plug the tooth with the greatest ease to the patient. Black and yellow teeth cleansed and brought to their original colour, and prevented from decaying, if it has commenced. He also separates and makes the teeth even, and takes away the decayed parts. Artificial Teeth neatly fixed and Stumps and Teeth extracted.

MILFORD'S TOOTH POWDER.

This highly approved and valuable Powder, is excelled by none in use; it not only gives the Teeth an elegant polish, but preserves and hardens the gums—Price 30 cents.

Milford's ANODYNE DROPS for the cure of Tooth Ache—Price 50 cents. LOTION for the cure of Scorbutic Gums, and to fasten the teeth, and restore the flesh when lost.—Price 50 cents. These medicines are warranted efficacious and at the same time innocent; for sale by

S. Milford,

No. 163 South Fifth, near Spruce-street. aug. 10—3m

CAUTION.

AS the season is advancing that brings with it all the local diseases, that is common to hot climates and weather, such as Cholera Morbuses, Bowel Complaints and Billious Affections. The Medicines for the above complaints that I have formerly prepared, I am not in a situation to accommodate the public with this season. I have therefore availed myself of the opportunity of communicating to Mr. RICHARD JORDAN, Apothecary, the knowledge of preparing my medicines genuine, so that those persons who know the merits of them need not be at a loss to procure them as chaste as they formerly have been received from me.

JOSEPH HAWKINS.

The subscriber having the most implicit confidence (from his knowledge of the efficacy of the aforesaid Medicines,) feels no hesitation in recommending them to the public.

Richard Jordan,

Druggist and Apothecary, N. W. corner of Second and Christian streets. july 6—3m

FULLERS' BOARDS.

A FRESH supply of a superior quality, Just received by BENNETT & WALTON,

6 mo. 30 tf No. 37 Market street.

Eastern District of Pennsylvania, to wit:

BE it remembered, that on the fourteenth day of August, in the forty-seventh year of the Independence of the United States of America, A. D. 1822, THOMAS H. PALMER, of the said District, hath deposited in this office the title of a Chart, the right whereof he claims as author, in the words following, to wit:

"CHART OF THE CONSTITUTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intituled, "An act for the encouragement of Learning, by securing the copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned." And also to the act, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled, "An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned," and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching historical and other prints."

D. CALDWELL,

Clerk of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

sept 21—4w

CHEAP HARDWARE,

CONSISTING of Knives and Forks, Brass Andirons, Shovel and Tongs, Spoons, Gridirons, Coffee Mills, Skillets, Dutch Ovens, Patent Metal Tea Kettles, Sauce Pans, Waiters' Bread and Knife Trays, Snuffers and Trays, Flat Irons, Candlesticks, Frying Pans, Tea Caddies, Ladles, Steelyards, Curry Combs, Gimblets, Scissors, Shoe Knives and Tacks, Awl Blades, Ruffle Irons, Padlocks, Plated Castors, Britania Metal Tea and Coffee Pots, Looking Glasses, &c. with a general variety of other articles not herein enumerated, all of which will be sold at lower rates than can be purchased elsewhere.

Charles K. Servoss,

No. 3½ North-Third Street, east side, third house from Market Street.

N. B.—Persons commencing house keeping will find it to their advantage to call and examine the above articles before making selections at other stores.

☞ Also, an assortment of CHEAP TRUNKS. aug. 31—1y

Saloon of Apollo,

Sign of the Declaration of Independence, N. E. corner of Seventh and South Streets.

S. E. WARWICK,

RESPECTFULLY informs the lovers of Harmony, that he has recommenced his FREE AND EASY, and will continue open for the season on the evenings of Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.

MR. M'CLEARY having returned to this city, will attend, and in addition to his numerous collection of Original Comic Songs, will occasionally introduce a variety of admired sketches, from *Matthews' Mail Coach Adventures.*

Several gentlemen of distinguished vocal talents, have expressed their intention of attending, and Mr. Warwick pledges himself every exertion will be made to render this establishment worthy of support. sept 21—3t

15 DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from the house of Samuel Brookes, last evening, about 10 or 11 o'clock, a LIGHT BAY HORSE, about 15 hands high, 10 years of age, no particular marks recollected, except that he cuts very much on his hind feet.

Any person returning said horse to Samuel Brookes, in 3d street above Callowhill, sign of the Fox Chase, or to Richard Harris, sign of the Plough 3d street, above Market, shall receive ten dollars, and five dollars for the apprehension of the thief.

Samuel Sykes.

sept. 14—3t*

To Merchants and others.

JONES & HARRISON,

Silk, Woollen, Cotton Dyers, Scourers, &c.

No. 102½ ARCH STREET,

SOUTH SIDE, A FEW DOORS ABOVE FIFTH,

BEG leave to inform their friends, customers and the public in general, that they have removed from No. 98 Union, to the old Dyeing establishment, No. 102½ Arch street, and fitted it up in a manner that is now calculated to Dye, Restore, and refold Piece Goods of every description, equal to any other establishment in this city.—They, therefore, respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, under the full assurance of being able to give the utmost satisfaction in the performance of their work.

N. B. Black for mourning or any other family articles dyed to pattern, or cleaned at the shortest notice. ☞ A large Iron Pan, suitable for Soap boilers or Glue manufacturers, for Sale cheap. sept 14—tf

THE CELEBRATED

CEYLON TOOTH POWDER.

THE recipe for this excellent Dentifrice was sent by a gentleman in the East Indies to his friend in England, where it is universally used and highly approved, being a preventative of the TOOTH-ACHE. It purifies and sweetens the Breath; causes the Teeth to be a beautiful white; improves the enamel and strengthens the Gums. Very few have been known to have the Tooth-ache or Rheumatism in the Gums, who have constantly used it. For sale by THOMAS S. ANNERS, Sole Agent for the proprietor, No. 148 Chesnut street.

A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again. Also a choice assortment of PERFUMERY. aug 3—6m